

Interview Schedule

National Infrastructure Equity audit

Schedule No.: _____

[Note to Investigators - Introduction: Research team after introducing themselves, will introduce the study to the respondents. It will give them an idea and help in understanding the purpose of study. They can share followings points with respondents, as an introduction to the study.

1. This study is being conducted by a group of non-government organizations (add names according to names of the participating NGOs).
2. Purpose of this study is to identify the status of Public Infrastructure placed by government at Hamlet, Village and Panchayat level. Especially to assess whether all caste/ minority hamlets have been covered by these infrastructures facilities or not?
3. This study is conducted in 5 states in 125 panchayats in India.
4. The results of the study will be used to assess whether the claims of the Government about huge infrastructure investment are true or not? The results will be presented in form of reports before government officials at state and central level. Concrete demands for equitable improvement in Infrastructure will be placed.]

1. General information

A. Name of gram Panchayat:	B. Block/ Mandal:
C. District:	D. State:
E. 1 st Investigators name	F. 2 nd Investigator's name
G. Name of the organisation	H. Date/ Month of the survey

2. Sample profile

Sample category	Codes	Response (✓)	
A. Development profile	1= Back ward district/ 2=Developed district	1	2
B. Panchayat sample profile	1= Back ward Panchayat/ 2=Developed Panchayat.	1	2
	3= SC/ST/ Women/ Minority headed panchayat/ 4= Panchayat with more SC/ST population (more than 30% in case of Andhra Pradesh)	3	4
C. In case if not chosen under category (3) and (4)	Whether it represents normal mixed caste group village in the district (less than 20% SC/ST population in Andrapradesh)	1 Yes	2 No
D. In case of backward panchayat (1), whether	Adequately distant from block headquarter (15 kms and more in case of bihar)	1 Yes	2 No
	Does not fall in sides of main road.	1 Yes	2 No
	The population of the GP is above 3000	1	2



		Yes	No
	Is not a site of demonstrated activism or affirmative action, due to NGO/ Group intervention	1 Yes	2 No

3. Profile of Gram Panchayat

[Note to the Investigators: The main source of information listed below could be from Gram Panchayat office, sarpanch, mukiya. Panchayat secretary or related source(s) depending on their availability. At this stage the investigator should be aware of the difference between Gram Panchayat and revenue “village”. The relevant unit here is the Gram Panchayat. As far as possible try getting the population figures. If not available then get household wise or in terms of percent. Kindly specify the unit clearly ie., population, households or percent)]

i. Name of Gram Panchayat	
ii. Since when is it a Gram Panchayat?	
iii. Distance from block headquarter	
iv. Distance from District headquarter	
v. Number and name of Revenue villages in Gram Panchayat	
vi. Estimated population of GP (2001)	
vii. Latest available estimate of population (specify year)	
viii. Area (in hectare)	
ix. Major occupation	
x. Percent of agriculture labour	
xi. Percent of SC/ST population	
xii. Percent of Minority population	
xiii. Caste of the present Sarpanch	
xvi. Gender of the present sarpanch	

4. Profile of elected sarpanchs-

Period (in years)*	Name	Caste	Caste code 1=SC, 2=ST, 3= Minority, 4=OBC/BC, 5=General Caste.				
			1	2	3	4	5

*Also specify period when there were no elections.

PART I

5. Listing of caste habitation/Paras (according to criteria specified below).

[Note to investigators- This is the most crucial part of the study and requires careful demarcation of habitations in the village. The listing can start with the knowledge the local activists/ NGO staff/ dalit and minority community leaders and then the list could be broadened with help of panchayat representatives at different level.]

Villages, generally consist of few localities or pockets where the houses of similar caste/ religious group tend to cluster together. These are called habitation in this survey form. The habitation, so specified, needs to be geographically separable, though need not be always distant from other habitations. Some habitations can barely have 20 households, but can be distinctly separable in terms of caste/ religion.

A group of such geographically contiguous habitations can be clustered as 'main village'. The main village can in turn be clustered into revenue villages and gram panchayat, though this is always not possible.]

Steps in listing habitation-

- a. List down the main villages as people see them.

- b. In each of the main village list down caste groups which are present (underline all caste group which live in separate clusters)

Main village 1- Name-

Main village 2- Name

Main village 3- Name

Praxis- Institute for Participatory Practices, SEW Secretariat

Main village 4- Name-

Main village 5- Name

Main village 6- Name

Main village 7- Name-

Main village 8- Name

Main village 9- Name



6. Habitation profile

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	<i>Instruction and codes</i>
Habitation Name (the name of the jati/ sub-caste, which is majority)	Caste category of the majority caste group	Name of the revenue village	Total Population (latest estimate specifying the year)	Total Households	%SC	%ST	% Muslims	% BC / OBC	% General	Distance from Panchayat Bhawan	Number of sarpanchs elected from the habitation	<p><i>(1) Please enter the remotest habitation first and follow that order. In subsequent tables we need to write habitations in the same order consistently. Also do include temporary habitations like those of migrant/construction workers, nomadic tribes, etc (specify how long they are staying)</i></p> <p><i>(2) 1=SC, 2= ST, 3= Minority, 4= OBC/BC, 5=General Caste.</i></p> <p><i>(3) Indicate if part of the habitation falls in other panchayat or if the revenue village falls in more than one panchayat.</i></p>



SOCIAL EQUITY WATCH

7- Public Distribution System

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	Codes
Habitation Name (repeat all names in same order)	Does the habitation has a PDS shop located inside it?	From where do they access PDS?	Name of the habitation from where they access it	Distance from nearest functional facility - (In Kms)	The PDS dealer belongs to which caste? (if more than one, specify all)	Which year was this PDS shop started?(year) (if more than one, specify all)	Status of buiding where the shop is located. (if more than one, specify all)	<p>(2) 0= No. 1= Yes, located inside the habitation but not functional. 2=Yes, located inside habitation and functional , 3= yes, two fuctional PDS shops, 4= Yes, three and more functional PDS shops.</p> <p>(3) 0= No access at all, 1= access from outside the panchayat, 2= Access from the habitation where they live, 3=Access from other Gen caste habitation, 4= access from other OBC/ BC caste habitation, 5= access from other SC habitation, 6= access from other minority habitation, 7= access from other ST habitation</p> <p>(5) indicate zero, if the facility is available in the habitaion.</p> <p>(6) 0= General, 1= OBC/BC, 2=SC, 3=ST, 4= Muslims.</p> <p>(8) 0= rented (private), 1= own building (private), 2 =In donated land 3= In donated Building and land; 4= in government land and building.</p>



8- Health sub-center

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	<i>Instruction and codes</i>
Habitation Name (repeat all names in same order)	Does the habitation has a Sub-centre located inside it?	From where do they access Sub-centre facilities?	Name of the habitation from where they access it	Distance from nearest functional facility - (In Kms)	The ANM belongs to which caste?	Does Asha belongs to this habitation?	When did the sub-centre start? (specify year)	Status of building where the sub-centre is located	<p>(2) 0= No. 1= Yes, located inside the habitation but not functional. 2=Yes, located inside habitation and functional ,</p> <p>(3) 0= No access at all, 1= access from outside the panchayat, 2= Access from the habitation where they live, 3=Access from other Gen caste habitation, 4= access from other OBC/ BC caste habitation, 5= access from other SC habitation, 6= access from other minority habitation, 7= access from other ST habitation</p> <p>(6) 0= General, 1= OBC/BC, 2=SC, 3=ST, 4= Muslims.</p> <p>(7) 0= No, no one serving the habitation, 1= no, belongs to other habitation and belongs to general caste, 2= no, belongs to other habitation and belongs to OBC/BC, 3= No, belongs to other habitation and belongs to SC, 4= No, belongs to other habitation and belongs to ST, 5= No, belongs to other habitation and belongs to minority; 6= Yes, from this habitation and belongs to General caste, 7= Yes, from this habitation and belongs to BC/OBC, 8= Yes, from this habitation and belongs to SC, 9= Yes, from this habitation and belongs to ST, 10= Yes, from this habitation and belongs to Muslims.</p> <p>(9) 0= rented (private), 1= own building</p>



										(private), 2 =In donated land 3= In donated Building and land; 4= in government land and building.
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9. Primary School (I- V class)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	Instruction and codes
Habitation Name (repeat all names in same order)	Does the habitation has a primary school located inside it?	From where do they access primary school facilities?	Name of the habitation from where they access it	Distance from nearest functional facility - (In Kms)	The mid-day meal cook belongs to which caste?	When did the primary school start? (specify year)	Status of building where the school is located	
								(2) 0= No. 1= Yes, located inside the habitation but not functional. 2=Yes, located inside habitation and functional, 3= yes, two functional schools, 4= Yes, three and more functional schools, 5= Yes, only Madrassa, 6= Yes, only public Non-formal schools
								(3) 0= No access at all, 1= access from outside the panchayat, 2= Access from the habitation where they live, 3=Access from other Gen caste habitation, 4= access from other OBC/ BC caste habitation, 5= access from other SC habitation, 6= access from other minority habitation, 7= access from other ST habitation
								(6) 0= General, 1= OBC/BC, 2=SC, 3=ST, 4= Muslims., 5=N.A (no MDM).
								(8) 0= rented (private), 1= own building (private), 2 =In donated land 3= In donated Building and land; 4= in government land and building

10. Middle School (I- VIII class)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	Instruction and codes
Habitation Name (repeat all names in same order)	Does the habitation has a primary school located inside it?	From where do they access primary school facilities?	Name of the habitation from where they access it	Distance from nearest functional facility - (In Kms)	The mid-day meal cook belongs to which caste?	When did the primary school start? (specify year)	Status of building where the school is located	<p>(2) 0= No. 1= Yes, located inside the habitation but not functional. 2=Yes, located inside habitation and functional , 3= yes, two functional schools, 4= Yes, three and more functional schools, 5= Yes, only Madrassa, 6= Yes, only public Non-formal schools</p> <p>(3) 0= No access at all, 1= access from outside the panchayat, 2= Access from the habitation where they live, 3=Access from other Gen caste habitation, 4= access from other OBC/ BC caste habitation, 5= access from other SC habitation, 6= access from other minority habitation, 7= access from other ST habitation</p> <p>(6) 0= General, 1= OBC/BC, 2=SC, 3=ST, 4= Muslims., 5=N.A (no MDM).</p> <p>(8) 0= rented (private), 1= own building (private), 2 =In donated land 3= In donated Building and land; 4= in government land and building</p>



11. Secondary School (I- X class)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	Instruction and codes
Habitation Name (repeat all names in same order)	Does the habitation has a primary school located inside it?	From where do they access primary school facilities?	Name of the habitation from where they access it	Distance from nearest functional facility - (In Kms)	The mid- day meal cook belongs to which caste?	When did the primary school start? (specify year)	Status of building where the school is located	
								(2) 0= No. 1= Yes, located inside the habitation but not functional. 2= Yes, located inside habitation and functional, 3= yes, two functional schools, 4= Yes, three and more functional schools, 5= Yes, only Madrassa, 6= Yes, only public Non-formal schools
								(3) 0= No access at all, 1= access from outside the panchayat, 2= Access from the habitation where they live, 3= Access from other Gen caste habitation, 4= access from other OBC/ BC caste habitation, 5= access from other SC habitation, 6= access from other minority habitation, 7= access from other ST habitation
								(6) 0= General, 1= OBC/BC, 2= SC, 3= ST, 4= Muslims., 5= N.A (no MDM).
								(8) 0= rented (private), 1= own building (private), 2= In donated land 3= In donated Building and land; 4= in government land and building

12. Anganwadi center under ICDS scheme

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Habitation Name (repeat all names in same order)	Does the habitation has a Anganwadi located inside it?	From where do they access Anganwadi facilities?	Name of the habitation from where they access it	Distance from nearest functional facility - (In Kms)	Whether the Anganwadi Worker belongs to this habitation?	When did the ICDS centre start? (specify year) (if more than one, specify all)	Status of building where the ICDS centre is located (if more than one, specify all)
							<p>2) 0= No.1= Yes, located inside the habitation but not functional. 2=Yes, located inside habitation and functional , 3= yes, two functional Anganwadi, 4= Yes, three and more functional Anganwadi, , 5= Yes, but only Mini anganwadi .</p> <p>(3) 0= No access at all, 1= access from outside the panchayat, 2= Access from the habitation where they live, 3=Access from other Gen caste habitation, 4= access from other OBC/BC caste habitation, 5= access from other SC habitation, 6= access from other minority habitation, 7= access from other ST habitation</p> <p>(6) 0= No, no one serving the habitation, 1= no, belongs to other habitation and belongs to general caste, 2= no, belongs to other habitation and belongs to OBC/BC, 3= No, belongs to other habitation and belongs to SC, 4= No, belongs to other habitation and belongs to ST, 5= No, belongs to other habitation and belongs to minority; 6= Yes, from this habitation and belongs to General caste, 7= Yes, from this habitation and belongs to BC/OBC, 8= Yes, from this habitation and belongs to SC, 9= Yes, from this habitation and belongs to ST, 10= Yes, from this habitation and belongs to Muslims</p>

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13. Community hall

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Habitation Name	Does the habitation has a Community Centre located inside it?	From where do they access community centre facilities?	Name of the habitation from where they access it	Distance from your habitation- (In Kms)	When did the community centre start? (Specify year)	Status of building where the centre is located	<p>(2) 0= No. 1= Yes, located inside the habitation but not functional. 2=Yes, located inside habitation and functional , 3= yes, two functional Community centres, 4= Yes, three and more functional Community centres, .</p> <p>(3) 0= No access at all, 1= access from outside the panchayat, 2= Access from the habitation where they live, 3=Access from other Gen caste habitation, 4= access from other OBC/ BC caste habitation, 5= access from other SC habitation, 6= access from other minority habitation, 7= access from other ST habitation</p> <p>(7) 0= rented (private), 1= own building (private), 2 =In donated land 3= In donated Building and land; 4= in government land and building</p>

14. Post Office.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	<p>(2) 0= No. 1= Yes, located inside the habitation but not functional. 2=Yes, located inside habitation and functional</p> <p>(3) 0= No access at all, 1= access from outside the panchayat, 2= Access from the habitation where they live, 3=Access from other Gen caste habitation, 4= access from other OBC/ BC caste habitation, 5= access from other SC habitation, 6= access from other minority habitation, 7= access from other ST habitation</p> <p>(6) 0= General, 1= OBC/BC, 2=SC, 3=ST, 4= Muslims.</p> <p>(8) 0= rented (private), 1= own building (private), 2 =In donated land 3= In donated Building and land; 4= in government land and building.</p>
Habitation Name	Does the habitation has a post office located inside it?	From where do they access post office facilities?	Name of the habitation from where they access it	Distance from your habitation- (In Kms)	The post master belongs to which caste?	When did the post office start? (specify year)	Status of buiding where the post office is located	

15. Panchayat Bhawan.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Habitation Name (in the same order)	Does the habitation has a panchayat Bhawan located inside it?	From where do they access/ use Panchayat Bhawan?	Name of the habitation from where they access it	Distance from your habitation- (In Kms)	When did the panchayat bhawan was built? (specify year)	Status of buiding where the Panchayat Bhawan is located	(2) 0= No. 1= Yes, located inside the habitation but not functional. 2=Yes, located inside habitation and functional
							(3) 0= No access at all, 1= access from outside the panchayat, 2= Access from the habitation where they live, 3=Access from other Gen caste habitation, 4= access from other OBC/ BC caste habitation, 5= access from other SC habitation, 6= access from other minority habitation, 7= access from other ST habitation
							(7) 0= rented (private), 1= own building (private), 2 =In donated land 3= In donated Building and land; 4= in government land and building



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16. Drinking Water facility

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Habitation Name	Number of safe and functional drinking water source	If none within habitation then distance of the nearest safe/functional drinking water source (kms)	Distance to any drinking water source (including unsafe sources such as open well, pond, canal, streams)	Number of non-functional water sources	Whether mainly dependent on unsafe water sources (open well, pond, canal, streams)	Were water quality checks conducted in this habitation	(2) Please count the following functional water sources in the habitation (Piped Water Supply, Handpump, tube well, Standpost, rain water harvesting structures and protected well). <u>Do not count private sources which is not for public use.</u> Five grassroots workers are supposed to be trained in each Gram Panchayat and given field test kits to test both chemical and biological contamination to test water quality. If they exist and if possible verify with them and exclude the water contaminated by arsenic, fluoride, iron, salinity and nitrate. Alternatively you can use key respondents opinion on safe drinking water.
							(4) 0= none; 1= 1 to 10 litres; 2= 10-19 litres; 3=20-29 litres; 4=30-39 litres; 5= 40 and above litres.
							(6) 0= no, 1=to some extent, 2=largely, 3=majorly
							(7) 0=no, 1=yes, in last one year, 2= yes, 1 to 3 years, 3= before 3 years

17. Electrification for domestic use and street-light

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Habitation Name	Is the habitation electrified	Is there a street light located inside the habitation.	Is there any transformer located?	Is there any non-conventional source located	% of BPL families having free electricity connection	When was your habitation electrified? Mention year.	2) 0=No connection in the habitation, 1= have less than 5% households connected with electricity 2= Have above 5 % but less than 10% covered, 3= 11-25% connected , 4=26-50% connected; 5=51-75% connected; 6=76-100% connected
							(3) 0= Has no functional street light, 1= has functional street light; 2= has functional street light (non-conventional source like solar power) ,
							(4) 0=no; 1=yes, but not functional, 2= yes functional.
							(5) 0=no; 1=yes private generator/ solar power etc , 2=yes government generator/ solar power etc
							(6) 0=None, 1=Less than 10%, 2=11-25%, 3=26-50%. 4=51-75%, 5=76-100%



18. Road Connectivity

(1)	(2)	(3)	(3a)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Habitation Name	What kinds of roads are there inside the habitation?	Status in relation to nearby <u>all weather*</u> main road (or connected habitations) which takes to them to most of the places (PHC, town, market etc)	Status in relation to nearby <u>pucca</u> main road (Cemented/ concrete road black topped)	When the habitation was directly connected to all weather main road? (year)	What is the caste of contractor who constructed following Habitation's/Village's roads?	Since how many years no repair/ up-gradation has taken place for roads inside your habitations

(2) 0=no road/ foot path 1= kutchra road (including gravel and stone paved) , 2= Brick road (Khranja), 3= Cemented/ concrete road, 4= black topped, 5=any other, specify
 (3 &3a) 1=directly connected , 2= not connected, but less than 500 meter distant 3= not connected and 500 to 1km meter distant , 4= not connected and 1km to 2km distant, 5= not connected and more than 2 kms distant .
 *An All-weather road is one which is negotiable in all seasons of the year. This implies that the road-bed is drained effectively (by adequate cross-drainage structures such as culverts, minor bridges and causeways), but this does not necessarily imply that it should be paved or surfaced or black-topped.

19. Telephone connectivity

(1)	(2)	(2a)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Habitation Name	Does the habitation have Village public telephone (VPT)?	When was it started?	Does the habitation have additional community phone?	Distance from VPT/Community phone (in km)	Who is the custodian of the VPT (caste group)	Distance of nearest public telephone facility	Does the habitation have phone connection? If yes, Indicative approximate number of households having connection
(2&3) 0= No. 1= Yes, located inside the habitation but not functional. 2=Yes, located inside habitation and functional (5) 0=SC, 1=ST, 2=OBC, 3=BC, 4=OC, 5=General							

20. Internet connectivity

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Habitation Name	Does the habitation have internet/ broad band connection ?	If yes, when was it started (year)	Distance of nearest public internet facility (in kms)	Does the habitation have Village Knowledge Center (VKC) / Internet Kiosks?	Who owns the Village Knowledge Center (VKC) / Internet Kiosis? (caste group)	Does the habitation have internet connection? If yes, Indicative aproximate number of households having connection
(6) 0=SC, 1=ST, 2=OBC, 3=BC, 4=OC, 5=General						

21. Housing (IAY)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Habitation Name	In last five years, how many people got IAY from this habitation? Mention numbers	% of SC beneficiaries	% of ST beneficiaries	% of Minority beneficiaries	% of OBC/BC beneficiaries	% of General caste beneficiaries	% of women (women headed households) beneficiaries

22. Police Station, Agriculture centre and PHC

(1)	(2)	(3)
List of Infrastructures	Whether following infrastructures are available in your Panchayat?	Where are they located? Mention village and Habitation name?
Police Station		
Police Station- Out post		
Agriculture Centre		
Primary Health Center		

23. Respondent's Profile

Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste	Designation/ occupation (if in PRI)	Address	Questions answered by the respondent.

Part II

[Note to Investigators –

Selection of habitation: In each panchayat, kindly select one revenue village and take one chose on sample habitation each belonging to SC, ST, Minority, OBC/BC and General Caste. Therefore where all five groups exist there will be five sample habitation. In case the one of caste group is not present in from of habitation, then reduce the sample size accordingly.

Focus groups: the focus groups should be conducted with 6-12 participants. It is extremely important to avoid service providers like AWW, FPS dealer or members from dominant caste group to observe or be part of the process.

I. Rating of the infrastructing in 10 point scale

Method:- each of the infrastructure facilities, will be assessed by the participants in terms of six indicators.

- importance of the service/ infrastructure
- Available for use
- Actual regularity of use
- Ease of use/ access
- Attitude of service provides
- Quality of infrastructure

The respondents in a group has to arrive at score (1 out of 10 ... 10 out of 10 marks). A score of ten will be given when performance is fully satisfactory. If the performance is rock bottom and at lowest levels a score on 1 is given.

Use cards to visually dipict each infrastructure and a chart to list down six indicators/ use visual aid when participants are illiterate. Finish the scoring for one infrastructure (all six indicators) and go to the next. Record the responses in table 24- 28 (column A to F) . Also record the name of respondents

II. Prioritising the services/ infrastructure-

After completing the rating exercise list down all the cards depicting the infrastructure and services and ask the participants to rank them in order of importance for their habitation and record the response in Table 24-28 (column G).

24. SC habitation

Infrastructure	<i>Importance of the service/ infrastructure</i>	<i>Availability for use</i>	<i>Actual regularity of use</i>	<i>Ease of use/ accesses</i>	<i>Attitude of service provider</i>	<i>Quality of infrastructure</i>	<i>Infrastructure Ranking</i>
	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>E</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>G</i>
PDS shop							
Primary school							
Middle school							
Secondary school							
ICDS centre							
Sub-centre							
Village public telephone							
Community Centre							
Panchayat Bhawan							
Road							
Safe Drinking water supply							
Electricity							
Police station							
PHC							
Postoffice							
Agriculture centre							

Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste	Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste

25. ST habitation

Infrastructure	Importance of the service/ infrastructure	Availability for use	Actual regularity of use	Ease of use/ access	Attitude of service provider	Quality of infrastructure	Infrastructure Ranking
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
PDS shop							
Primary school							
Middle school							
Secondary school							
ICDS centre							
Sub-centre							
Village public telephone							
Community Centre							
Panchayat Bhawan							
Road							
Safe Drinking water supply							
Electricity							
Police station							
PHC							
Postoffice							
Agriculture centre							

Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste	Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste

26. Muslims habitation

Infrastructure	<i>Importance of the service/ infrastructure</i>	<i>Availability for use</i>	<i>Actual regularity of use</i>	<i>Ease of use/ access</i>	<i>Attitude of service provider</i>	<i>Quality of infrastructure</i>	<i>Infrastructure Ranking</i>
	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>E</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>G</i>
PDS shop							
Primary school							
Middle school							
Secondary school							
ICDS centre							
Sub-centre							
Village public telephone							
Community Centre							
Panchayat Bhawan							
Road							
Safe Drinking water supply							
Electricity							
Police station							
PHC							
Postoffice							
Agriculture centre							

Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste	Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste

27. OBC/BC habitation

Infrastructure	<i>Importance of the service/ infrastructure</i>	<i>Availability for use</i>	<i>Actual regularity of use</i>	<i>Ease of use/ accesses</i>	<i>Attitude of service provider</i>	<i>Quality of infrastructure</i>	<i>Infrastructure Ranking</i>
	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>E</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>G</i>
PDS shop							
Primary school							
Middle school							
Secondary school							
ICDS centre							
Sub-centre							
Village public telephone							
Community Centre							
Panchayat Bhawan							
Road							
Safe Drinking water supply							
Electricity							
Police station							
PHC							
Postoffice							
Agriculture centre							

Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste	Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste

28. General Caste habitation

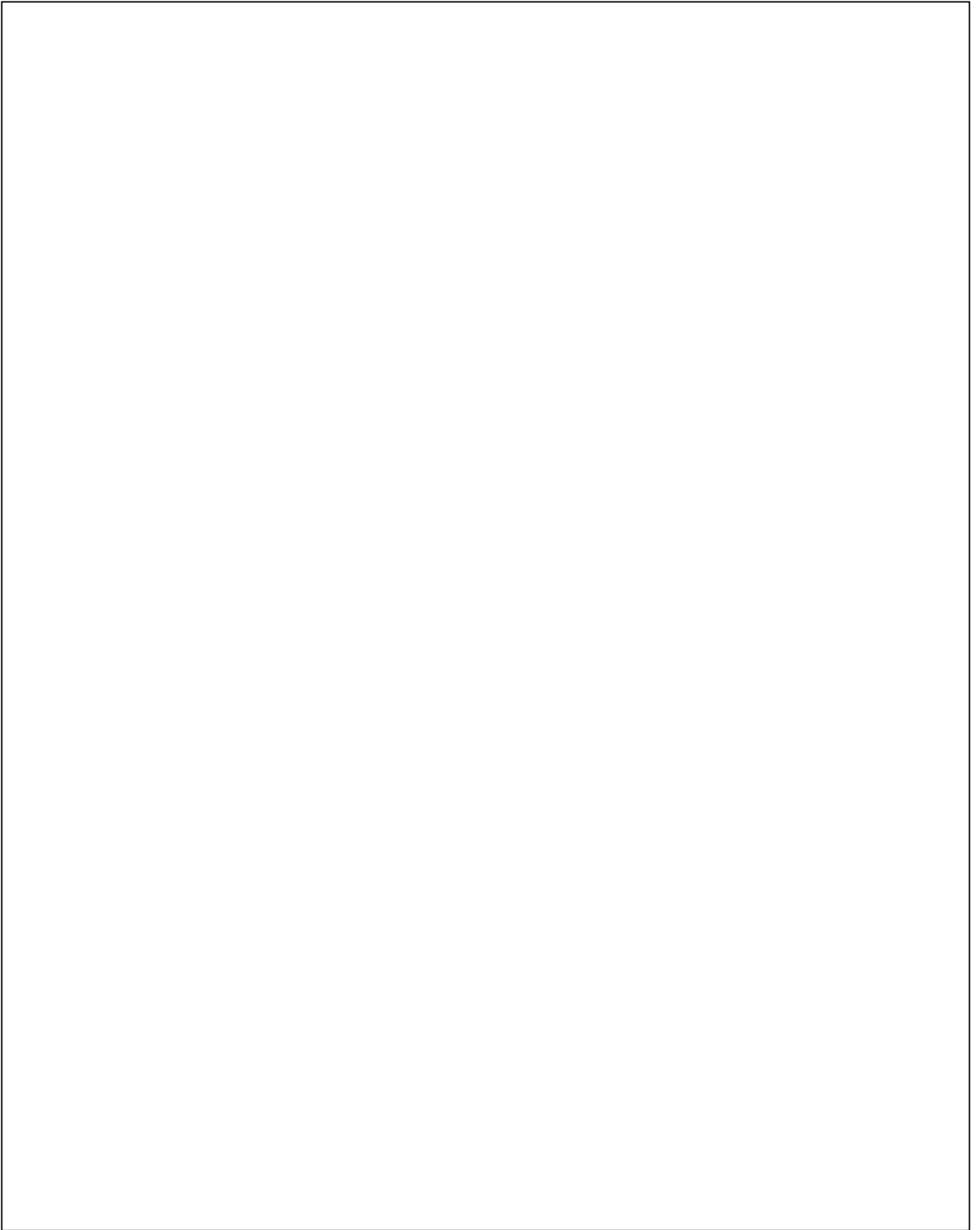
Infrastructure	Importance of the service/ infrastructure	Availability for use	Actual regularity of use	Ease of use/ accesses	Attitude of service provider	Quality of infrastructure	Infrastructure Ranking
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
PDS shop							
Primary school							
Middle school							
Secondary school							
ICDS centre							
Sub-centre							
Village public telephone							
Community Centre							
Panchayat Bhawan							
Road							
Safe Drinking water supply							
Electricity							
Police							



station							
PHC							
Postoffice							
Agriculture centre							

Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste	Name of Respondents	Age	Sex	Caste

29. Kindly also note down case studies/ narration related to infrastructure related exclusion experienced by community and individual





30. Whether a rough map of the village and selected infrastructure is enclosed. Please write brief description explaining/ supporting the map.

31. Investigators comments

*****Thank you*****